## Taketoshi Hinode\*: The desmid-flora of Akai-yachi (3)

## 日 出 武 敏\*: 赤井谷地のチリモ植物相(3)

- 66. Cosmarium cyclicum Lund. var. Nordstedtianum (Reinsch) West and G. S. West—Length  $47 \mu$ ; breadth  $52 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $18 \mu$ ; thickness  $25 \mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 16-17)
- 67. C. zonatum Lund.—Length  $43 \mu$ ; breadth  $22 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7 \mu$ ; thickness  $17 \mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 8)
- 68. C. monomazum Lund. var. glabrum Hinode, Hikobia 1:149, t. 1, f. 18–22, (1952)—Length  $30\,\mu$ ; breadth  $32\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9\,\mu$ ; thickness  $16\,\mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 20–21)
- 69. C. reniforme (Ralfs) Arch. var. elevatum West and G.S. West—Length  $50\mu$ ; breadth  $32\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $10\mu$ ; thickness  $22\mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 29-30)
- 70. C. quadrifarium Lund. f. hexasticha (Lund.) Nordst.—Length 48-52  $\mu$ ; breadth 37-43  $\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus 14-17  $\mu$ ; thickness 30  $\mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 25-26).
- 71. C. Portianum Arch. var. nephroidum Wittr.—Length  $22\,\mu$ ; breadth  $17\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7\,\mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 22)
- 72. C. decoratum West and G. S. West-Length  $68\,\mu$ ; breadth  $54\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $24\,\mu$ ; thickness  $35\,\mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 23-24)

The characters of the forms in the district are similar to those of Krieger's specimen recorded from Sumatra. It is not rare in this moor.

- 73. C. Blyttii Wille—Length  $19\mu$ ; breadth  $16\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7\mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 33)
- 74. C. binum Nordst.—Length  $41\,\mu$ ; breadth  $30\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9\,\mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 19)
- 75. C. puncturatum Bréb. var. subpunctulatum (Nordst.) Börges. f. minor Hinode f. nov. (Pl. V, figs. 34-35)

Forma minor, granulis centralis paucioribus.

Long.  $20 \mu$ ; lat.  $19 \mu$ ; lat. isthm.  $6 \mu$ ; crass.  $12 \mu$ .

- 76. C. Pseudobroomei Wolle—Length  $38 \mu$ ; breadth  $35 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $11 \mu$ ; thickness  $19 \mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 31-32)
  - 77. C. pseudoamoenum Wille (Pl. V, fig. 27)

The specimens seen here usually have two pyrenoids in each semicell, but by

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its form of semicells and the constructions they can be identified to this species.

--- var. **reductum** Hinode var. nov. (Pl. V, fig. 28)

Var. minor, granulis reductioribus et paucioribus, in ambitu toto semicellularum cum granulis 11; pyrenoidibus bini in semicellulis unoquoque.

Long.  $35 \mu$ ; lat.  $19 \mu$ ; lat. isthm.  $15 \mu$ .

- 78. Xanthidium acanthophorum Nordst.—Length with spines  $54 \mu$ , without spines  $21 \mu$ ; breadth with spines  $44 \mu$ , without spines  $35 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9 \mu$ . (Pl. V, fig. 36)
- 79. Arthsodesmus gibberulus Joshua—Length  $23\mu$ ; breadth with spines  $49\mu$ , without spines  $31\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9\mu$ ; thickness  $20\mu$ . (Pl. VI. figs. 1-4)

At the vertical view semicells are rhomboid-elliptical, at the middle on each side slightly tunid and the membrane thickened, cell-wall is punctate; two pyrenoids are contained in each semicell.

## 80. A. japonicus Hinode sp. nov. (Pl. VI, figs. 5-7)

A. mediocris, sine spinis paulo longior quam latus, profunde constrictus, sinu interiori parte lineari deinde mox ampliato; semicellulae ellipticae angulis basalibus obtuse rotundatis, latelaribus sursum paulo divergentibus, angulis superioribus cum spina longa paulo divergens utrobique, apicibus late convexis in medio subtruncatis vel levissime retusis; e vertice visae ellipticae; e latere visae rotundatae; membrana juxta apicem scrobiculis spagentibus.

Long.  $24\,\mu$ ; lat. sine spin.  $22\,\mu$ , cum spin.  $35\,\mu$ ; lat. isthm.  $5.5\,\mu$ ; crass.  $12\,\mu$ ; long. spin.  $7-12\,\mu$ .

The present species is nearest to A. Bulnheimii Racib., but differs from the latter in its more elliptical semicell, convexo-truncate apices, and the scrobiculations of the apical portion of the semicell. In 1951, I found this species in the materials collected from Ozegahara, but the specimens collected at that place were somewhat larger (length  $34-35\,\mu$ ; breadth without spines  $29-30\,\mu$ , with spines  $53-62\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $6-8\,\mu$ ; thickness  $16\,\mu$ ).

- 81. Staurastrum apiculatum Bréb.—Length without spines  $21 \mu$ , with spines  $26 \mu$ ; breadth without spines  $20 \mu$ , with spines  $22 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $5.5 \mu$ . length of spines  $5 \mu$  (Pl. V, figs. 37-38).
  - 82. St. umicorne Turn. var. longicorne Hinode var. nov. (Pl. VI, figs. 18-19)

Var. semicellulis triangularibus, marginibus ventralibus late convexis, spinis longissimis et robustis curvato-recurvatis.

Long. 22-23  $\mu$ ; lat. sine spin. 17-19  $\mu$ , cum spin. 35-44  $\mu$ ; lat. isthm. 9  $\mu$ ; long. spin. 11-14  $\mu$ .

83. St. contectum Turn. var. inevolutum Turn.—Length without spines  $24 \mu$ , with spines  $32 \mu$ ; breadth without spines  $30 \mu$ , with spines  $34 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $11 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 14-15)

- 84. St. bifidum (Ehrenb.) Bréb. var. tortum Turn.—Length 44 μ; breadth without spines 30 μ, with spines 42 μ; breadth of isthmus 14 μ. (Pl. VI, figs. 8-9)
- 85. St. simonyi Heimerl—Length  $22 \mu$ ; breadth  $22 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 10-11)
- 86. St. subscabrum Nordst.—Length  $35 \mu$ ; breadth  $39 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $11 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 12-13)

The observed specimens were quadrangular, and I once met the same form among the materials from Oze.

- 87. St. inconspicuum Nordst.—Length  $16\mu$ ; breadth  $19\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7\mu$ . (Pl. V, figs. 39-40)
- 88. St. brachiatum Ralfs—Length  $24\,\mu$ ; breadth  $25\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $8\,\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 16-17)
- 89. St. subnudibrachiatum West and G.S. West—Length without processes  $19 \mu$ , with processes  $28 \mu$ ; breadth without processes  $12 \mu$ , with processes  $39 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 20–22)

Cells are all 4-radiate, the cell-bodies are rather small.

90. St. proboscideum Perty—Length  $32 \mu$ ; breadth  $34 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $11 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 23–25)

This is the commonest Staurastrum in this district.

- 91. St. margaritaceum (Ehrenb.) Menegh.—Length 27 μ; breadth 24 μ; breadth of isthmus 8 μ. (Pl. VI, figs. 28-29)
- 92. St. polymorphum Bréb.—Length  $16\mu$ ; breadth  $22\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $5.5\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 26–27)
- 93. St. arachne Ralfs var. arachnoides West-Length  $24 \mu$ ; breadth without processes  $14 \mu$ , with processes  $45 \mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9 \mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 30-31)
- 94. St. Pseudosebaldii Wille—Length  $48\,\mu$ ; breadth with processes  $71\,\mu$ ; breadth with processes  $71\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $14\,\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 32-34)
- 95. St. cyclacanthum West and G.S. West var. elegans Hinode var. nov. (Pl. VI, figs. 39-41)

Var. minor, processibus tenuibus marginibus superioribus inferioribusque minute granulatis, apicibus processuum 4-spinatis, ad basin semicellularum sub processu unoquoque spina singula praeditis.

Long.  $24 \mu$ ; lat. cum proc.  $40 \mu$ ; lat. isthm.  $6 \mu$ .

96. St. pinnatum Turn. var. subpinnatum (Schmidle) West and G. S. West—Length  $38\,\mu$ ; breadth without processes  $16\,\mu$ , with processes  $38\,\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $9\,\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 37-38)

I met in the material single specimen of this species, whose cell is small and somewhat delicate, and the basal ring of granules is invisible.

- 97. St. indentatum West and G.S. West—Length  $35\mu$ ; breadth  $51\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $7\mu$ ; thickness  $14\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 35-36)
- 98. Desmidium coarctatum Nordts.—Length  $19\,\mu$ ; breadth  $22\,\mu$ ; thickness  $18\,\mu$ . (Pl. VI, fig. 45)
- 99. Hyalotheca indica Turn.—Length  $15\mu$ ; breadth  $16\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $14\mu$ ; breadth of apices  $14\mu$ . (Pl. VI, fig. 42)
  - 100. H. neglecta Racib.—Length 19-25  $\mu$ ; breadth 11  $\mu$ . (Pl. VI, figs. 43-44) Rather smaller and shorter forms were rarely observed.
- 101. Gymnozyga moniliformis Ehrenb.—Length  $28\mu$ ; breadth  $18\mu$ ; breadth of isthmus  $16\mu$ ; breadth of apices  $13\mu$ .

This is the most dominant species in this district. (Pl. VI, figs. 46-48)

Plate V. (all figures, ×440): 1-3. Cosmarium pyramidatum Bréb. 4-6. C. pachydermum Lund. 7. C. auriculatum Reinsch var. reductum Hinode var. nov. 8, 9. Cosmarium ocellatum Eichl and Gutw. var. glabrum Hinode var. nov. 10. C. quardratum Ralfs. 11, 12. C. pseudopyramidatum Lund. 13. C. obsoletum (Hantzsch) Reinsch. 1 4.— var. sitvense Gutw. 15. C. pseudoscenedesmus West and G.S. West. 16, 17. C. cyclicum Lund. var. Nordstedtianum (Reinsch) West and G.S. West. 18. C. zonatum Lund. 19. C. binum Nordst. 20, 21. C. monomazum Lund. var. glabrum Hinode. 22. C. Portianum Arch. var. nephroidenum Witter. 23, 24. C. decoratum West and G.S. West. 25, 26. C. quadrifarium Lund. forma hexasticha (Lund.) Nordst. 27. C. pseudoamoenum Wille. 28. — var. reductum Hinode. 29, 30. C. reniforme (Ralfs) Arch. var. elevatum West and G.S. West. 31, 32. C. pseudobroomei Wolle. 33. C. Blyttii Wille. 34, 35. C. punctulatum Bréb. var. subpunctulatum (Nordst.) Börges. forma minor Hinode forma nov. 36. Xanthidium acanthophorum Nordst. 37, 38. Staurastrum apiculatum Bréb. 39, 40. St. inconspicuum Nordst.

Plate VI (all figures, ×440): 1-4. Arthrodesmus giblerulus Joshua. 5-7. Arthrodesmus japonicus Hinode sp. nov. 8, 9. Staurastrum bifidum (Ehrenb.) Bréb. 10, 11. St. Simonyi Heimerl. var. tortum Turn. 12, 13. St. subscabrum Nordst. 14, 15. St. contectum Turn. var. inevolutum Turn. 16, 17. St. brachiatum Ralfs. 18, 19. St. unicorne Turn. var. longicorne Hinode var. nov. 20-22. St. subnudibrachiatum West and G.S. West. 23-25. St. proboscideum Perty. 26, 27. St. polymorphum Bréb. 28, 29. St. margaritaceum (Ehrenb.) Menegh. 30, 31. St. arachne Ralfs var. arachnoides West. 32-34. St. Pseudosebaldii Wille. 35, 36. St. indentatum West and G. S. West. 37, 38. St. pinnatum Turn. var. subpinnatum (Schmidle) West and G.S. West. 39-41. St. cyclacanthum West and G.S. West var. elegans Hinode var. nov. 42. Hyalotheca indica Turn. 43, 44. H. neglecta Racib. 45. Desmidium coarctatum Nordst. 46-48. Gymnozyga moniliformis Ehrenb.

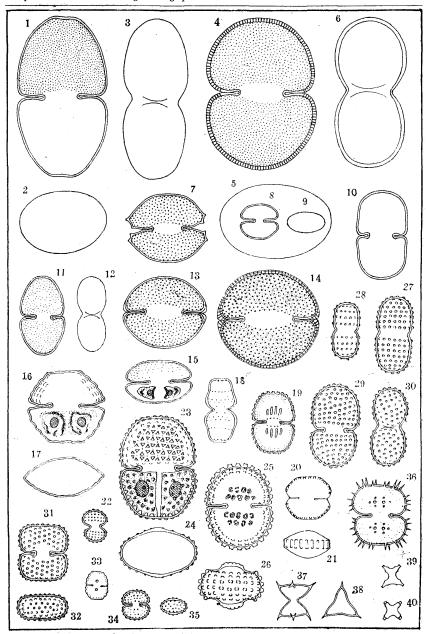


Plate V. Hinode, The desmid-flora of Akai-yachi

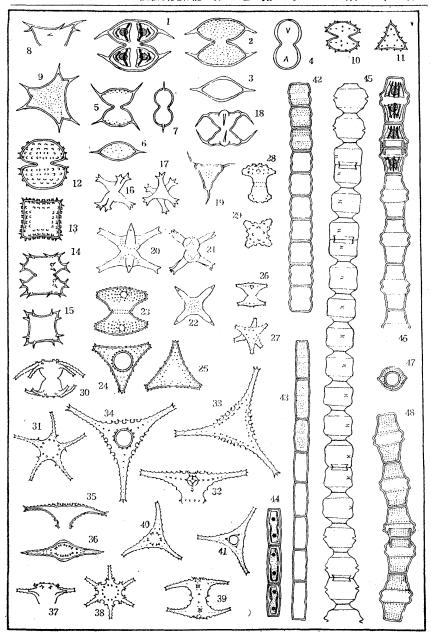


Plate VI. Hinode, The desmid-flora of Akai-yachi